

Financial Statements

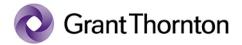
Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today

December 31, 2022

Contents

Page

Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 2
Statement of Operations	3
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	4
Statement of Financial Position	5
Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7 - 10



Independent Auditor's Report

Grant Thornton LLP 22 Paris Street PO Box 519 Alliston, ON L9R 1V7

T +1 705 435 7227 F +1 705 435 0917 www.GrantThornton.ca

To the Board of Directors of Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today

Qualified opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today (the "Organization"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for qualified opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for qualified opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the Organization derives revenue from donation and fundraising activities the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Organization. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to donation revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the year ended December 31, 2022, current assets as at December 31, 2022, and net assets as at January 1 and December 31 for both the 2021 and 2022 years. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year end ed December 31, 2021 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

 Audit | Tax | Advisory

 © Grant Thornton LLP. A Canadian Member of Grant Thornton International Ltd

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Grant Thornton LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Alliston, Canada April 21, 2023

Year ended December 31	2022	2021
Revenues		
Donations	\$ 262,140	\$ 383,573
Grants - municipal (Note 6)	126,015	156,759
- other	27,437	-
Interest	1,363	424
	416,955	540,756
Expenditures		
Advertising and promotion	501	954
Amortization	4,731	6,906
Automotive	7,139	2,217
External fundraising	24,841	21,907
Insurance	7,812	5,949
Interest and bank charges	306	211
Office and general	22,271	11,870
Professional fees	24,698	25,955
Rent	14,400	7,200
Repairs and maintenance	14,579	-
Telephone and internet	4,322	4,702
Travel	1,824	5,166
Utilities	5,786	3,350
Wages and benefits	292,029	194,242
	425,239	290,629
(Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>\$ (8,284</u>)	<u>\$ 250,127</u>

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Statement of Operations

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended December 31	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 250,127	\$-
(Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures	(8,284)	250,127
Balance, end of year	<u>\$241,843</u>	\$ 250,127

Statement of Financial Position	2022	2021
Assets Current Cash Short term investment (Note 3) Prepaid expenses	\$ 259,773 10,602 	\$ 257,133 10,469 1,431
	270,375	269,033
Long-term Property and equipment (Note 4)	10,903	15,633
	<u>\$ 281,278</u>	<u>\$ 284,666</u>
Liabilities Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 39,435	\$ 34,539
Net assets	241,843	250,127
	<u>\$281,278</u>	<u>\$ 284,666</u>

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Statement of Financial Position

On behalf of the board

Director aroline Director ر April 26, 2023 Date

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Statement of Cash Flows						
Year ended December 31		2022	2021			
Increase (decrease) in cash						
Operating (Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenditures Item not affecting cash	\$	(8,284)	\$ 250,127			
Amortization		4,731	6,906			
Change in non-cash working capital items		(3,553)	257,033			
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,431 <u>4,895</u>	(1,431) <u>34,539</u>			
		2,773	290,141			
Investing Purchase of short term investment Purchase of property and equipment		(133) 	(10,469) (22,539)			
		(133)	(33,008)			
Increase in cash		2,640	257,133			
Cash Beginning of year		<u>257,133</u>				
End of year	<u>\$</u>	259,773	<u>\$ 257,133</u>			

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

1. Nature of operations

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today (the "Organization") is incorporated under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act as a Non-Share Capital Corporation and is exempt from income taxes. The Organization has an incorporation date of June 25, 2019 and did not start operations until January 1, 2021. The Organization is a registered charitable organization and as such, is authorized to issue charitable donation receipts.

2. Significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

These financial statements of the Organization have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organization.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for notfor-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future. Significant estimates include the determination of useful lives of property, plant, and equipment.

Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and balances with the bank.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is applied over the estimated useful lives of the assets, on a declining balance basis as follows:

Vehicles	30%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Computer equipment	55%

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Organization tests for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability is assessed by comparing the carrying amount to the projected future net cash flows the long-lived assets are expected to generate through their direct use and eventual disposition. When a test for impairment indicates that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent the carrying value exceeds its fair value.

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Grant revenue is recognized as it becomes receivable under the terms of the applicable funding arrangements. Funding received under the funding arrangements, which relate to a subsequent fiscal period is reflected as deferred revenue in the year of receipt. Funding not spent and not yet approved by the funder is recorded as excess funds and is subject to recovery in the subsequent year. Funding related to capital expenditures are deducted from revenue and recorded as deferred capital contributions recognized into income on the same basis as the related capital expenditures.

Donations revenue is recognized when received.

Interest income is recognized when earned.

Financial instruments

Initial measurement

The Organization's financial instruments are measured at fair value when issued or acquired. For financial instruments subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost, fair value is adjusted by the amount of the related financing fees and transaction costs. Transaction costs and financing fees relating to financial instruments that are measured subsequently at fair value are recognized in operations in the year in which they are incurred.

Subsequent measurement

At each reporting date, the Organization measures its financial assets and liabilities at cost or amortized cost (less impairment in the case of financial assets) except for equities quoted in an active market which must be measured at fair value. All changes in fair value of the Organization's investments in equities quoted in an active market and in bonds are recorded in the statement of operations. The financial instruments measured at amortized cost are cash and cash equivalents, harmonized sales tax receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the Organization regularly assesses whether there are any indications of impairment. If there is an indication of impairment, and the Organization determines that there is a significant adverse change in the the expected timing or amount of future cash flows from the financial asset, it recognizes an impairment loss in the statement of operations. Any reversals of previously recognized impairment losses are recognized in operations in the year the reversal occurs.

Contributed services

The Organization is dependent on the voluntary services of many individuals. Since these services are not normally purchased by the Organization and because of the difficulty in estimating their fair value, these services are not recorded in these financial statements.

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

3.	Short term investment	 2022	 2021
GIC		\$ 10,602	\$ 10,469

The GIC matures January 2023 (2021 - February 2022) and bears interest at 2.5% (2021 - 0.3%)

4. Property and equipment				2022		2021
	 Cost	 umulated ortization	N	et Book Value	N 	let Book Value
Vehicles Furniture and fixtures Computer equipment	\$ 21,014 678 847	\$ 10,717 244 675	\$	10,297 434 172	\$	14,710 542 <u>381</u>
	\$ 22,539	\$ 11,636	<u>\$</u>	10,903	\$	15,633

5. Related party transactions

At times, the Organization enters into transactions with related parties. These transactions are in the normal course of operations and have been included in these financial statements at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

During the year, the Organization paid \$5,517 (2021 - \$NIL) to a director acting as an employee for a period of time. During the employment period, the director took a leave from the Board and did not maintain any voting interest. When the employment term ended, the director rejoined the Board with full responsibilities including voting.

6. Municipal grants

Municipal grant revenue is comprised of

	2022_	2021
County of Simcoe Township of New Tecumseth	\$ 126,015 	\$ 116,759 <u>40,000</u>
	<u>\$ 126,015</u>	<u>\$ 156,759</u>

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

7. Operating lease commitments

The Organization entered into a lease agreement for their premises in May 2022. The lease terminates May of 2024.

The Organization's total future minimum lease payments under operating lease commitments over the next two years are as follows:

2023 2024	\$ 18,000 6,000
	\$ 24,000

8. Financial instruments

The Organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the Organization's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2022

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Organization's main credit risk relates to its accounts receivable. The Organization's receivables represent verifiable donations receivable through third party platforms and present minimal credit risk to the Organization.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities and government remittances payable. The Organization reduces its exposure to liquidity risk by ensuring that it documents when authorized payments are due and maintaining adequate cash reserves to pay advances. There were no changes from the prior year to the Organization's exposure to liquidity risks.

It is management's opinion that the Organization is not exposed to significant other risks arising from financial instruments